PUBLIC HEARING

ON

BILL 20-295, "THE FISCAL YEAR 2014 TAX REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES ACT OF 2013"

Before the Committee on Finance and Revenue Council of the District of Columbia

The Honorable Jack Evans, Chairman

June 24, 2013, 10:00AM John A. Wilson Building, Room 120



Testimony of Jeffrey Barnette Deputy Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer Office of Finance and Treasury

Natwar M. Gandhi Chief Financial Officer Government of the District of Columbia Good morning, Chairman Evans and members of the Committee. I am Jeffrey Barnette, Deputy Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer in the Office of the Chief Financial Officer. I am here to testify regarding Bill 20-295, the Fiscal Year 2014 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes Act of 2013.

This bill would authorize the District to issue up to \$600 million of Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) to finance general government expenditures for fiscal year 2014. Revenue anticipation notes are typically issued to finance seasonal cash shortages resulting from differences in the timing between the receipt of revenues and the disbursement of expenditures within a given fiscal year. The level of the District's available cash-on-hand and its normal cash peaks and valleys over the course of a fiscal year require short-term borrowing in order to maintain sufficient operating cash throughout the year.

As you know, a substantial portion of the District's tax revenues are received relatively late in the fiscal year. In particular, real property taxes, which are approximately 30% of the total General Fund Revenue, are received semiannually in the sixth and twelfth months of the fiscal year. It is understandable, then, that short-term borrowing would be necessary to finance certain on-going operating expenses that occur more evenly throughout the fiscal year.

The District's strong fiscal management has increased our available cash

balances which have allowed us to decrease the amount of TRANS borrowing for the current fiscal year and the upcoming fiscal year. For perspective, in October 2011, the District issued \$820 million of TRANs to finance FY 2012 seasonal cash flow needs, its highest-ever cash flow borrowing amount. However, based on the improved cash position produced by the prior year operating surplus, the District's borrowing was reduced to \$675 million for FY13. The size of the FY 2014 cash flow borrowing may be less than the proposed \$600 million. As we approach the time of the borrowing, the exact amount of the will be determined. It is prudent to authorize borrowing in the requested amount of up to \$600 million in order to ensure that the District has adequate operating cash balances at all times.

There are sufficient funds in the Proposed FY 2014 Budget and Financial Plan to cover the debt service expense that would accompany the maximum borrowing that this proposed legislation would authorize.

Chairman Evans, this concludes my testimony. I am prepared to address any questions that the Committee may have.